SCI-CONF.COM.UA

EUROPEAN SCIENTIFIC CONGRESS



PROCEEDINGS OF V INTERNATIONAL SCIENTIFIC AND PRACTICAL CONFERENCE JUNE 12-14, 2023

MADRID 2023

EUROPEAN SCIENTIFIC CONGRESS

Proceedings of V International Scientific and Practical Conference Madrid, Spain

12-14 June 2023

Madrid, Spain 2023

UDC 001.1

The 5th International scientific and practical conference "European scientific congress" (June 12-14, 2023) Barca Academy Publishing, Madrid, Spain. 2023. 503 p.

ISBN 978-84-15927-34-1

The recommended citation for this publication is:

Ivanov I. Analysis of the phaunistic composition of Ukraine // European scientific congress. Proceedings of the 5th International scientific and practical conference. Barca Academy Publishing. Madrid, Spain. 2023. Pp. 21-27. URL: https://sciconf.com.ua/v-mizhnarodna-naukovo-praktichna-konferentsiya-european-scientific-congress-12-14-06-2023-madrid-ispaniya-arhiv/.

Editor Komarytskyy M.L.

Ph.D. in Economics, Associate Professor

Collection of scientific articles published is the scientific and practical publication, which contains scientific articles of students, graduate students, Candidates and Doctors of Sciences, research workers and practitioners from Europe, Ukraine and from neighbouring countries and beyond. The articles contain the study, reflecting the processes and changes in the structure of modern science. The collection of scientific articles is for students, postgraduate students, doctoral candidates, teachers, researchers, practitioners and people interested in the trends of modern science development.

e-mail: madrid@sci-conf.com.ua

homepage: https://sci-conf.com.ua

- ©2023 Scientific Publishing Center "Sci-conf.com.ua" ®
- ©2023 Barca Academy Publishing ®
- ©2023 Authors of the articles

58.	Власюк І. М. ПІВНІЧНА МАКЕДОНІЯ У XXI СТ.: ВИКЛИКИ І ПРОБЛЕМИ	296
59.	Чернуха О. В., Таран О. С., Старостенко А. С. ЖИТТЄВИЙ ТА НАУКОВИЙ ШЛЯХ ВАЛЕНТИНА ДМИТРОВИЧА ОТАМАНОВСЬКОГО	301
CULTUROLOGY		
60.	Горова В. О. МУЗИЧНО-ДОЗВІЛЛЄВА ДІЯЛЬНІСТЬ УКРАЇНИ ЯК ВАЖЛИВА СКЛАДОВА ЄВРОПЕЙСЬКОЇ КУЛЬТУРНОЇ СПАДЩИНИ ВОПЕЙСЬКОЇ В	307
POLITICAL SCIENCES		
61.	Balukhashvili Veriko	311
62.	PROSPECTS OF THE EURASIAN UNION AND GEORGIA Dymova O.	316
02.	TRANSFORMATION OF SOCIAL INSTITUTIONS IN UKRAINE AS A MECHANISM OF PRACTICE OF THE IMPLEMENTATION THE MODEL OF NATIONAL STATEHOOD	310
PHILOLOGICAL SCIENCES		
63.	Andrushchenko V. O.	321
	LEXEMES OF TIME AS TOOLS OF COHESIVE AND COHERENT	
	LITERARY DISCOURSE (IN THE NOVEL HARRY POTTER AND THE PHILOSOPHER'S STONE BY J. K. ROWLING)	
64.	<i>Грабар О. В.</i> ОСОБЛИВОСТІ ПЕРЕДАЧІ МЕТРИКИ ЯПОНСЬКОЇ ПОЕЗІЇ ПРИ ПЕРЕКЛАДІ НА УКРАЇНСЬКУ МОВУ	326
PHILOSOPHICAL SCIENCES		
65.	Pavlenko N.	331
	SOCIAL AND PHILOSOPHICAL ASPECTS IN FUTURE MEDICINE	
66.	Долгий А. I.	334
	ІДЕНТИЧНІСТЬ В ДОБУ КІБЕРСУСПІЛЬСТВА – ЦЕ	
	ОПРИЯВЛЕННЯ ДУХОВНИХ ШИФРІВ, ЧИ СИМУЛЯКР ІНФОРМАЦІЙНОГО КОДУ БУТТЯ	
67.	ECONOMIC SCIENCES Kosteniuk Yu., Mamedova Aitach	338
07.	COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS THE BASKET OF GOODS IN THE	336
	WORLD AND UKRAINE	
68.	Semenchenko T., Peng Mingsheng BUILDING EFFICIENT COMMUNICATION WITH A TEAM:	342
	EXPERIENCE OF CHINESE ENTERPRISES	

PHILOSOPHICAL SCIENCES

SOCIAL AND PHILOSOPHICAL ASPECTS IN FUTURE MEDICINE

Pavlenko Natella.

Candidate of Philosophical science, Lecturer of the Department of Social Studies, Zaporizhzhia State Medical and Pharmaceutical University

Introductions. Such trends as automation, mechanization and digitalization, which guide the development of absolutely all spheres of human activity today, have led to the emergence of certain logical tendencies in modern medicine, namely: actualization of preventive medicine, further development of 4 P medicine, work with DNA chips, robots, bioprinters, nanosensors, electronic pills, the use of artificial intelligence in the medical field, emphasis on the creation of personalized medicine, Internet medicine or robotic medicine, molecular medicine, genetic engineering, etc. And those challenges that humanity faced, we are talking about the coronavirus epidemic, war, became a catalyst for rapprochement with technologies and in a short period of time fundamentally has changed our lives. Such changes require the medical community to rethink its field of activity and solve a number of urgent issues in the health care system, which will determine the further vector of the development of medicine for the coming decades [2].

Aim. The aim of the research is to analyze the influence of modern world trends on the medical field.

Materials and methods. The methodological grounds for the thesis are the concepts of system, interdisciplinary, historical, political and economic as well as sociocultural approaches. The combination of axiological and praxeological analysis in the study of the medical trends reveals important trends in the development of modern medicine in Ukrainian society and European countries in general. Despite the fact that this problem is extremely relevant and is being studied by many leading

scientists it is probably necessary to admit that today the issue of social and philosophical aspects in future medicine remains insufficiently developed in world and domestic humanitarian science.

Results and discussion. The most important questions are: first, when we will be able to artificially create new organs, print tissues on a bioprinter, stop or at least slow down the aging process, destroy cancer cells, etc. Secondly, what negative and positive consequences we will receive from new opportunities, how it can affect Man himself, as a highly spiritual creature. Speaking of medicine and the health care sector, new professions are emerging today (bioethicist, medical equipment architect, network doctor, etc.), and some, accordingly, are disappearing. What we can deal with in the nearest future: whether it is unemployment, new crises, increasing the gap between the poor and the rich (both within the same country and between countries), or vice versa, development in the field of education, freeing people from heavy physical labor, improvement of reproduction processes of society as a whole. That is why it is necessary to carefully study all aspects of such changes, which have one goal - the preservation of the most valuable - human life, and today we can add ensuring the quality of human life.

It is worth noting that in the conditions of the above-mentioned changes, it is vital to realize the aspect that it is necessary to increase the level of education not only of doctors, but also of patients who will be forced and must be able to carry out early diagnosis and treatment. This does not at all simplify the task of painlessly introducing changes that are inevitable into the medical system. One of the obstacles is a large amount of medical information in general access, and it is not always legitimate, and the one that is, can be perceived by an untrained person not always adequately. It is necessary to involve quite a lot of social institutions, including the medical education system, for the comprehensive preparation of the average citizen for such changes that will require him to make independent decisions and take active actions aimed at preserving his health and life and of his relatives.

We should not forget about such important issues of the medical field as "shadow" medicine, corruption aspects caused by the commercial component,

criminalization of the medical field. Therefore, there will always be a conflict here: on the one hand, effective treatment and care for the patient, and on the other hand, the question of profits. This is also an important and difficult problem to be solved. Considering all the obvious privileges and attractive points for manufacturers of medical services and goods, nevertheless, human safety, health and life of a person, society as a whole should always stay the goal for which the institution of medicine exists. It is worth noting that all these corrupt aspects became possible as a compensation for the inefficient functioning of the state and civil society.

Today, scientists note that the medical field is being roboticized extremely quickly and on a global scale. First of all, it will concern the field of care [1]. In Ukraine, not so many roboticists are interested specifically in the medical field, mostly original projects can be found in the military, industrial and agricultural sectors, but this is a matter for further research.

Conclusions. Unfortunately, these contradictions, which are mentioned above, and their solutions, are even more aggravated by digitalization and robotics, and their solution requires incredible efforts, professionalism and following humanistic principles, and not the anti-humane principles of the race for profits that are relevant today.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Semenchenko M. Virtual reality and robots already in hospital wards. Electronic resource. Access mode: Режим доступу: https://biggggidea.com/practices/yak-novi-tehnologi-zminyat-meditsinu-majbutnogo/
- 2. Utiuzh, I. & Spytsia N. Medicine and philosophy: methodological synthesis of the implementation of the new paradigm "4R" // Collection of materials of the 1st Ukrainian scientific and practical conference "Social-ethical and deontological problems of modern medicine (non-medical problems in medicine)" (February 20-21, 2020). Zaporizhzhia: ZDMU, 2020. P. 7-9.