drinking water, the soil of populated areas, the quality and nutritional value of the population, the social living conditions.

UDC 614.88: 616.9-002

PROPHYLAXIS OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES OF THE POPULATION DURING FLOODING OF LANDS

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This article contains data on infectious diseases that usually develop in natural emergencies. The object of the study was the sanitary and epidemiological consequences in the ecologically dangerous areas of Ukraine during the flooding of the land.

In this work the method of estimation of statistical data of archival materials of the epidemiological state of flooded territories and monitoring data of natural factors is used.

In Ukraine, there are conditions for the emergence of spas and epidemics of various infectious diseases, including particularly dangerous ones.

Flood-related disasters lead to massive casualties among the population. The number of ailments far exceeds the capacity of medical institutions to provide them with timely medical care.

The deterioration of sanitary-hygienic and sanitary-epidemiological steel during floods and flooding is accompanied by an increase in the number of somatic and infectious diseases.

The research solves an important scientific and practical task of increasing the ecological safety of citizens during flooding of land by introducing preventive anti-epidemic measures.